



Final discussion

Moist Processes in Future High Resolution NWP Models

Norrköping workshop

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SRNWP sports activity (2)



Football match Sweden – International team

Organization: Lisa Bengtsson

Very motivational speech at half time from Coach

International team won 5-6 (2-1)



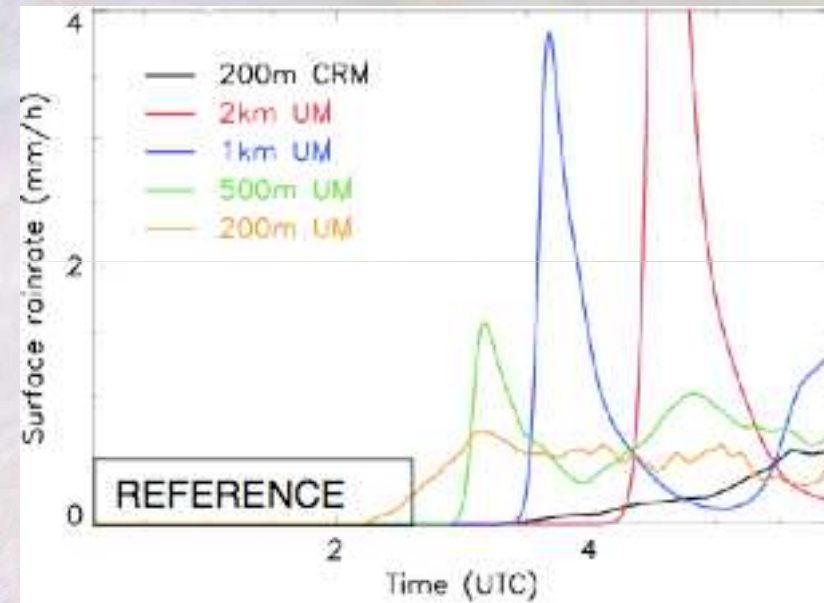


Discussion on “challenges in high resolution modeling”



- Are we seeing similar problems in our models?
 - Size of convective structures
 - Intensity of precipitation
 - Onset of precipitation
 - Timing and location
 - Are there systematic errors in our models?
- Governed by domain size
- One way forward is to look at an idealized case of mid-latitude open cell convection... More on that later.

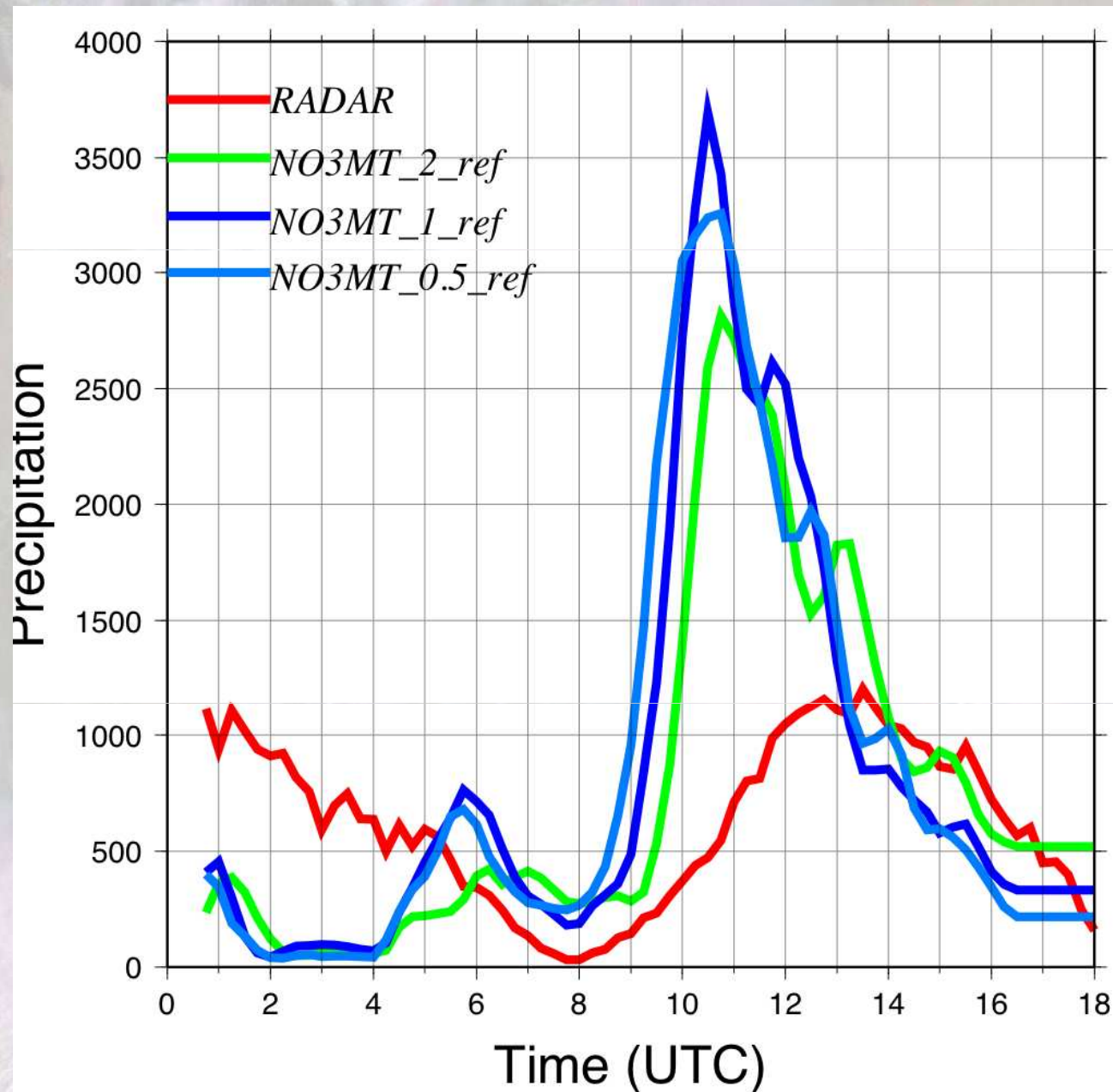
- GCSS deep convection working group case 4
- Increasing delay of rain onset with decreasing resolution
- 3D turbulence reduces overshoot and difference in time of onset precipitation



Peter Clark



Impact resolution



Lisa Bengtsson
Sander Tijm



Discussion on “challenges in high resolution modeling”



- How should we use more computer power?
 - Higher resolution, when satisfied?
 - Ensemble forecast?
 - Larger domain size?
 - Longer forecast time (48 hours)?
- Domain size – very much governed by “shape of country” (also placement of boundaries).
- How large do our models need to be?

Hiram Predictability



- Predictability convection very much dependent on situation
- Convection initiates when CIN zero
- Very unpredictable if CIN is eroded over large area and homogeneous surface forcing, when dependent on history of cold pool formation, large impact small disturbances
- Remarkably predictable when CIN is small over small area (and correctly predicted location of low CIN)



Discussion on “challenges in high resolution modeling”



- Has the gray zone shifted towards smaller scales?
- There will always be processes that act on scales smaller than the horizontal resolution
- Gaps in energy spectra caused by model resolution and diffusion applied to model, dependent on parameterization(s)
- Possibility to reduce gap with stochastic physics, perturbation on smallest scales



Discussion on “challenges in high resolution modeling”



- Scheme that works correct on e.g 100 m resolution will not automatically work correct on 1 km
- Perfect academic physics may not work without retuning at operational NWP resolution
- Caused by spectral gaps introduced by diffusion and diffusive methods

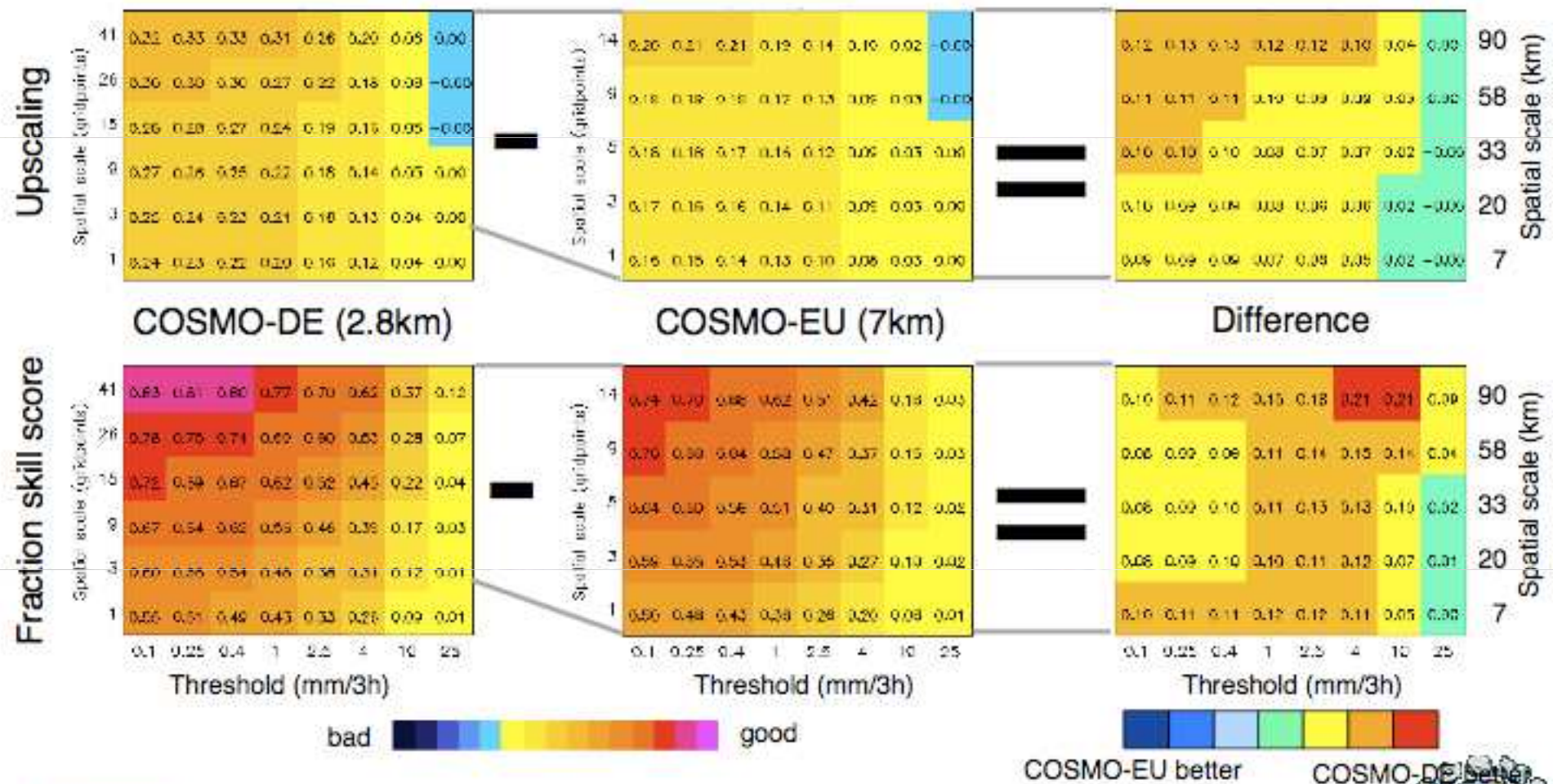
Evaluation/Verification/Application

- There are now methods that can show the added value of high resolution forecasts compared to 10 km scale models
- Still many possibilities to make more use of high resolution forecasts

Fuzzy Verification: COSMODE – COSMOEU

JJA 2007, Verification against Swiss Radar Composite, 3 hourly accumulations

Federico Grazzini

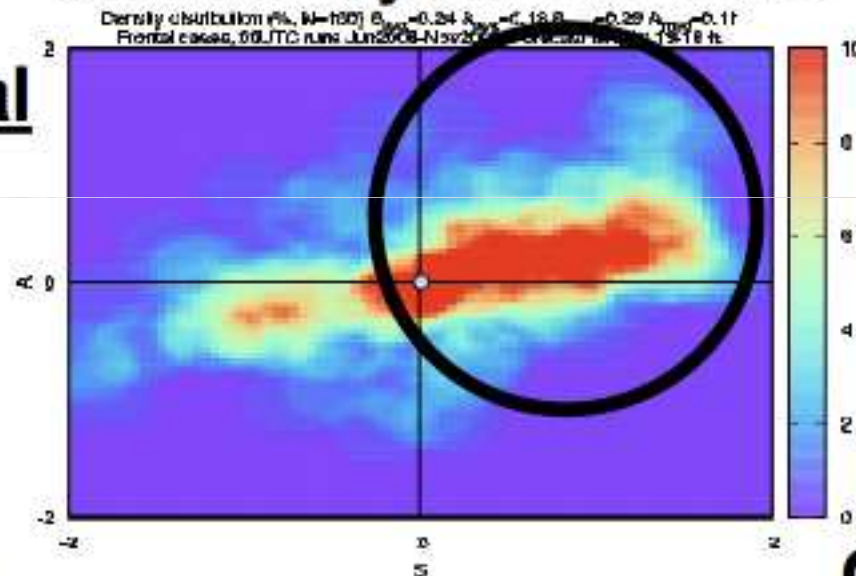




S vs. A – diurnal cycle 00 UTC +13-18h

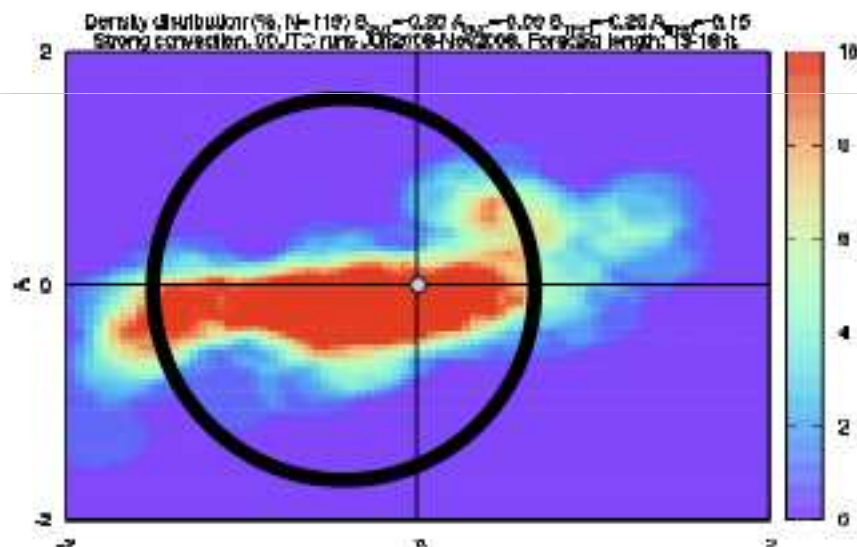
Sami
Niemela

Frontal

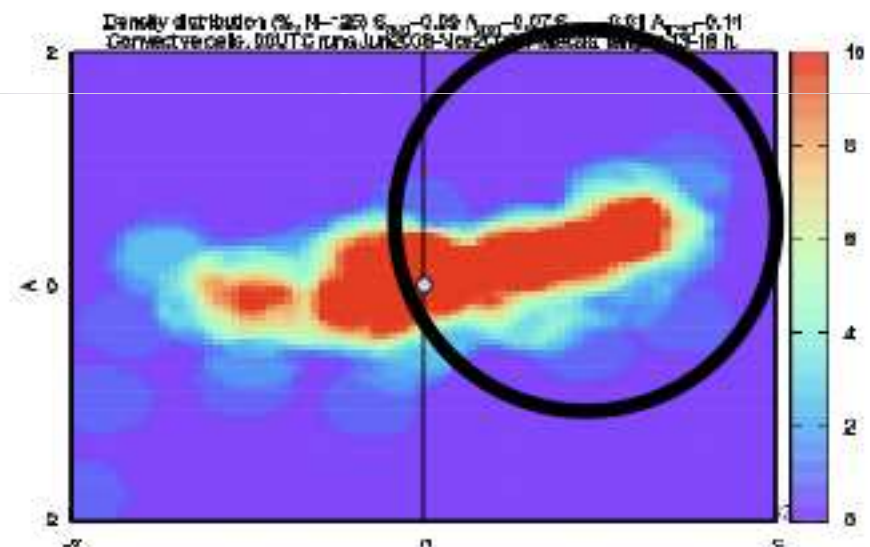


● = perfect score

Strong conv.



Open cell conv.





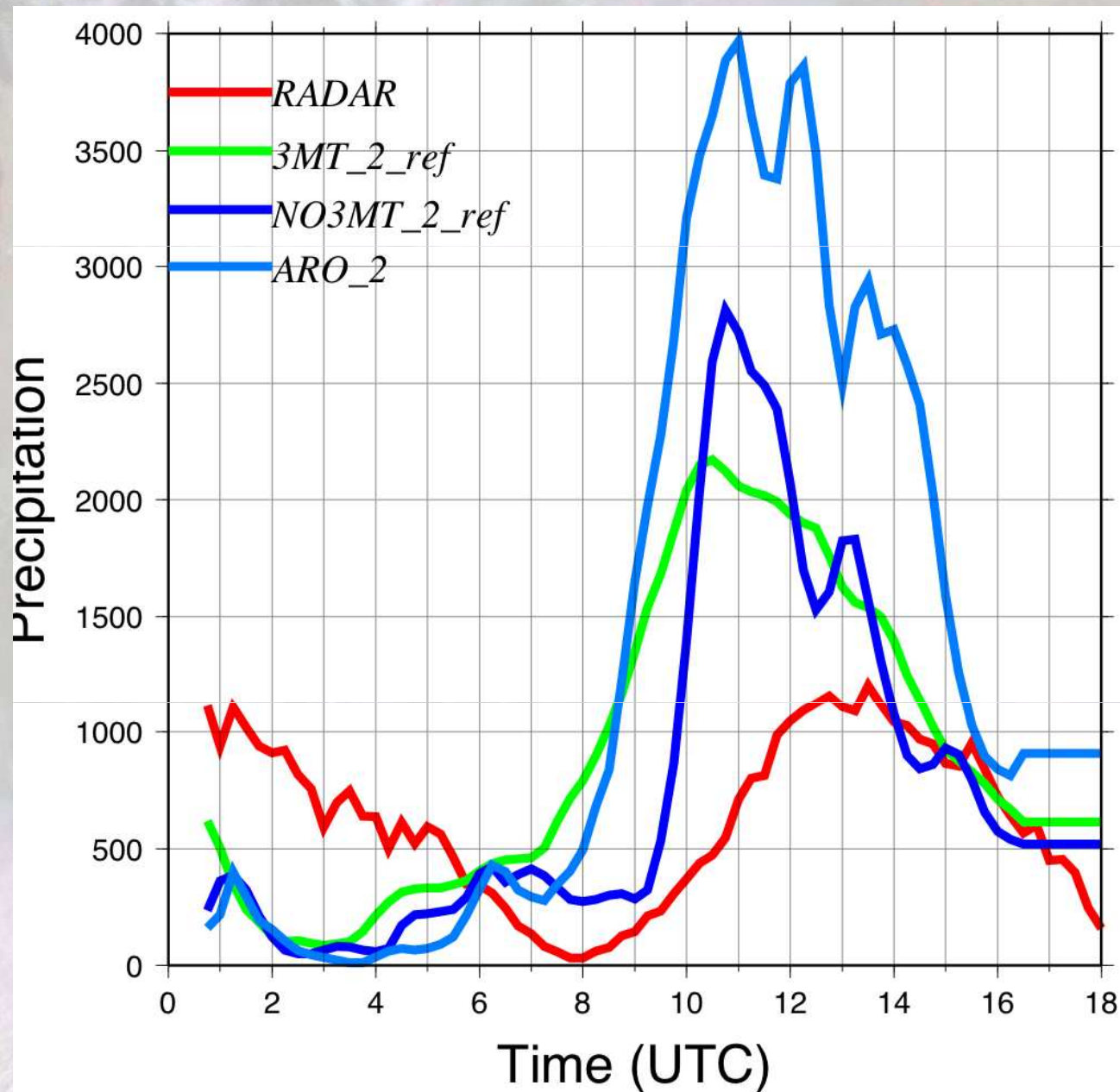
Impact of diffusion



- Worrying that an artificial parameter such as horizontal diffusion has such a strong influence.
- Increase in horizontal mixing delays onset of convection
- Increase in vertical mixing (e.g. non-local scheme) causes earlier onset deep convection
- Not a cure for stability, but rather applied as a physical parameterization



Impact horizontal diffusion



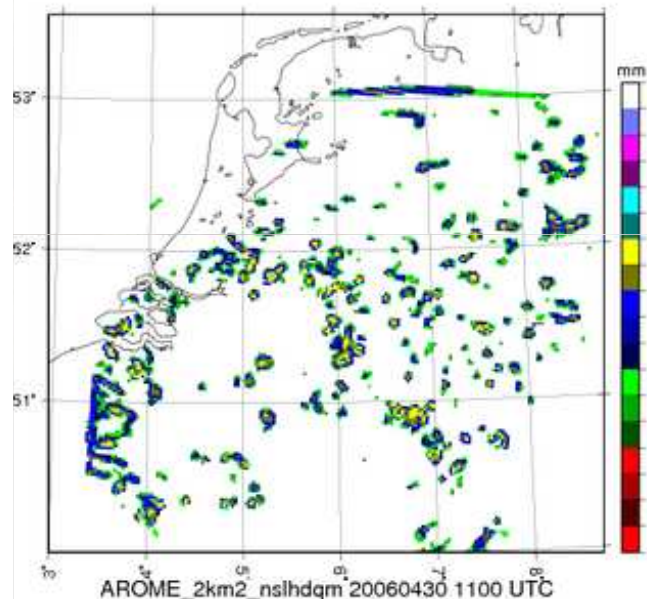
Isa Bengtsson
Sander Tijm



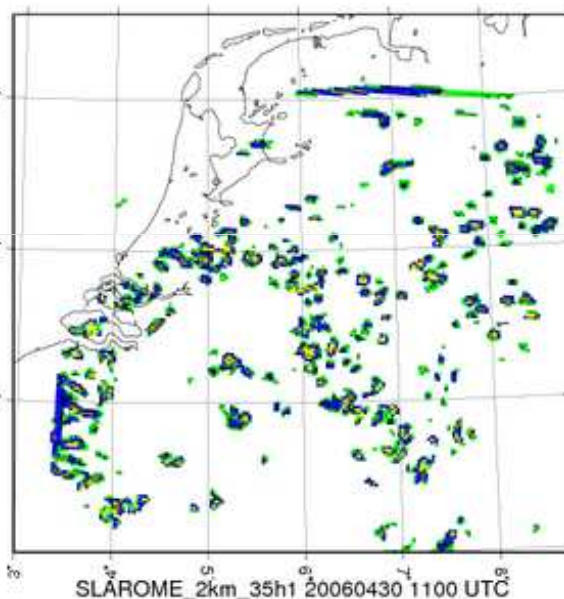
Impact horizontal diffusion



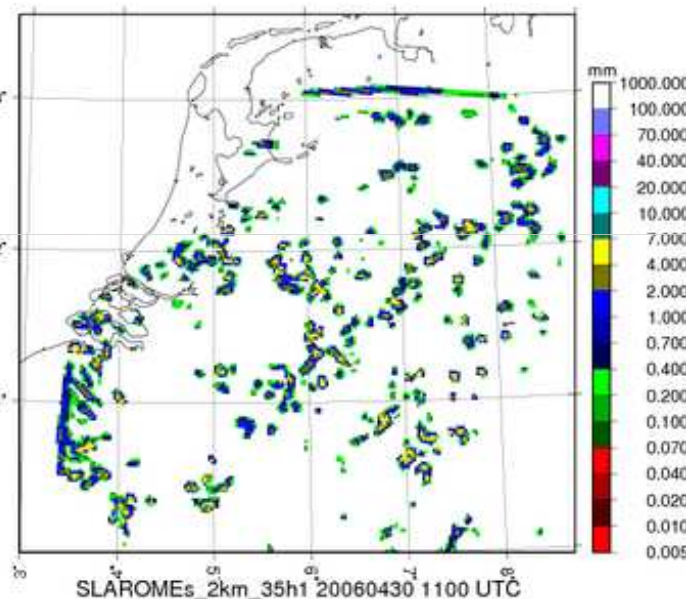
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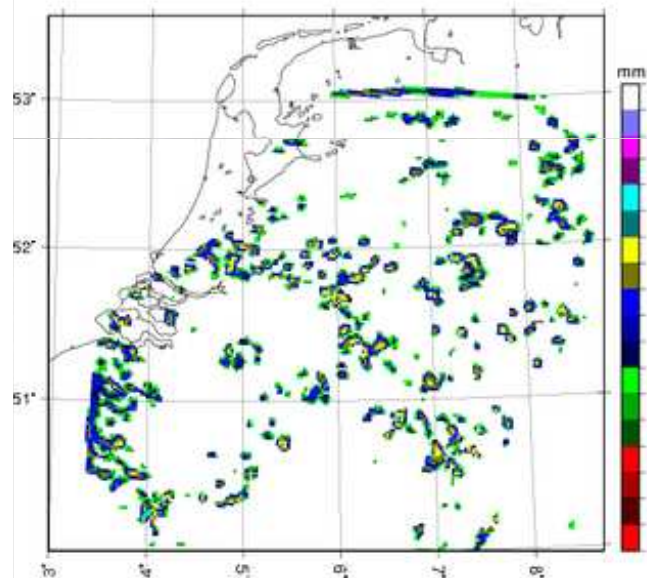
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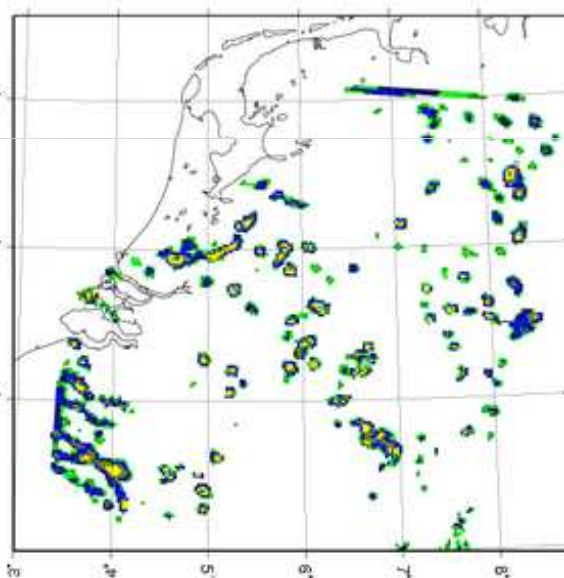
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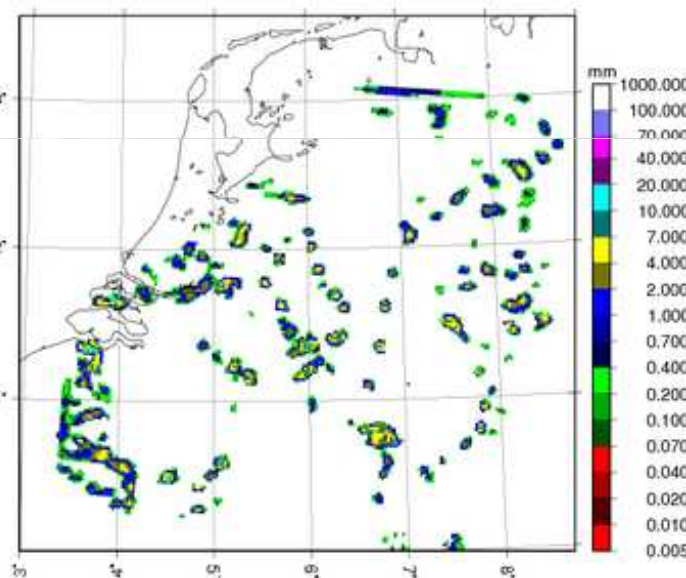
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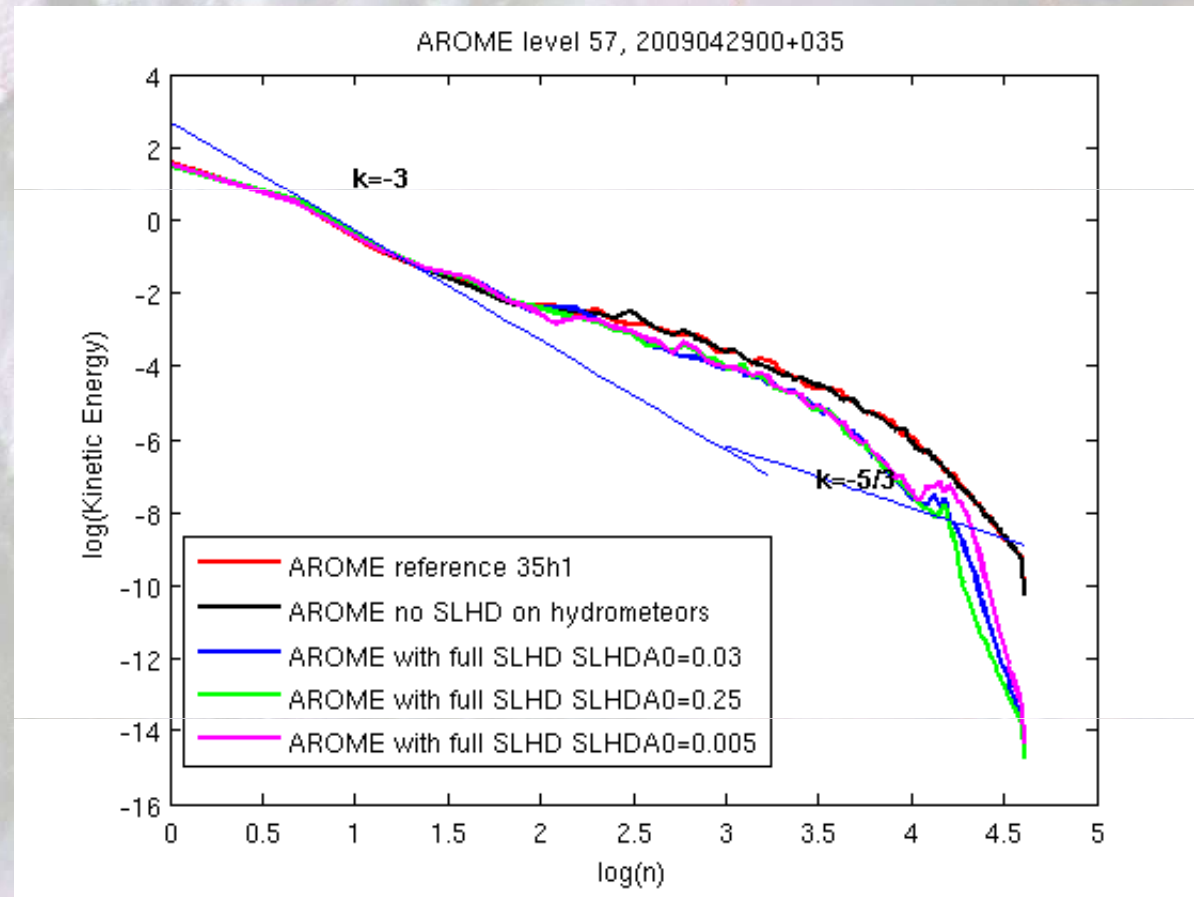


SLAROME_2km_35h1 20060430 1100 UTC



SLAROMEs_2km_35h1 20060430 1100 UTC





Lisa Bengtsson

Discussion on deep convection

- Semi-Lagrangian, Semi-Implicit dynamics
- Lower boundary condition imposes a flux even though vertical velocity should be 0 at surface (warm bubble tests with AROME and IFS).
- Diffusive schemes



Discussion on deep convection



- Data assimilation (only touched very briefly)
- Which technique to use?
- How to best use radar
- Simplified physics?
- Be careful touching the small waves



Discussion on deep convection



- Is it a problem that we treat convection as fully mature, without intermediate stage (no growth of showers, history in parameterizations)?
- What is the “non-mature” stage of convection? Shallow convection?
- How to eliminate spin-up? High resolution models interesting for nowcasting.



Case 30-04-2006



- Case with daily cycle of moderate deep convection over Netherlands
- Open cell convection (not too deep)
- Limited updraft mass flux
- Weak advection (no big impact of boundaries)
- Cold pool formation and impact on convection



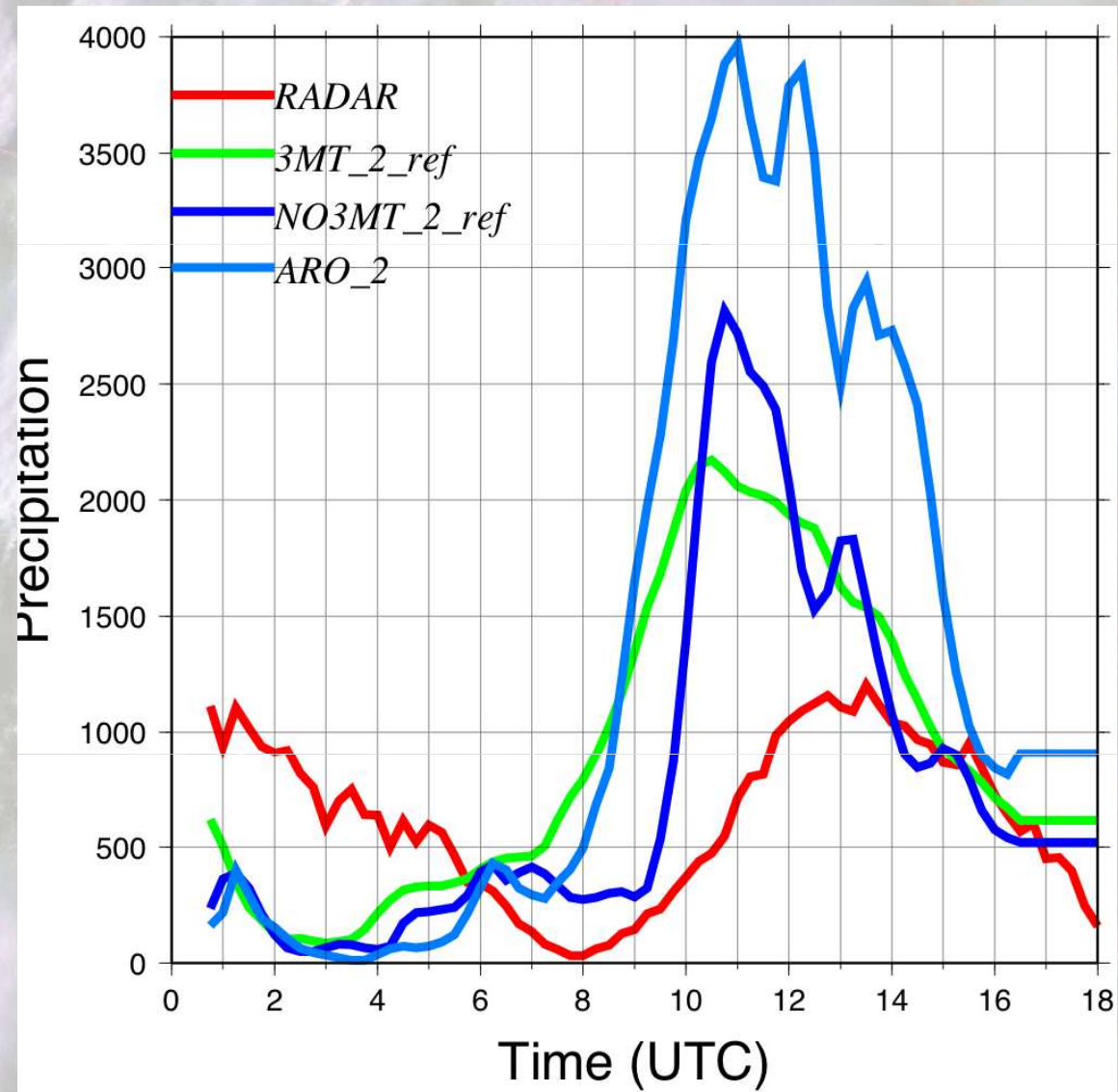
Case 30-04-2006



- Case for model intercomparison
- Try to make homogeneous case with no orography, flat land, equal bowen ratio throughout domain
- SRNWP expert team cooperation



Intensity fluctuations



Hiram Conclusions²



- Lots of talk about dynamics in physics workshop!
- Large impact of advection scheme and diffusion on convection initiation and continuation
- Intercomparison of moderate (difficult) convection case will point to where differences in models are and help in finding improvements
- Case setup in coming months



Questions @ Lunch