Zentralanstalt für Meteorologie und Geodynamik



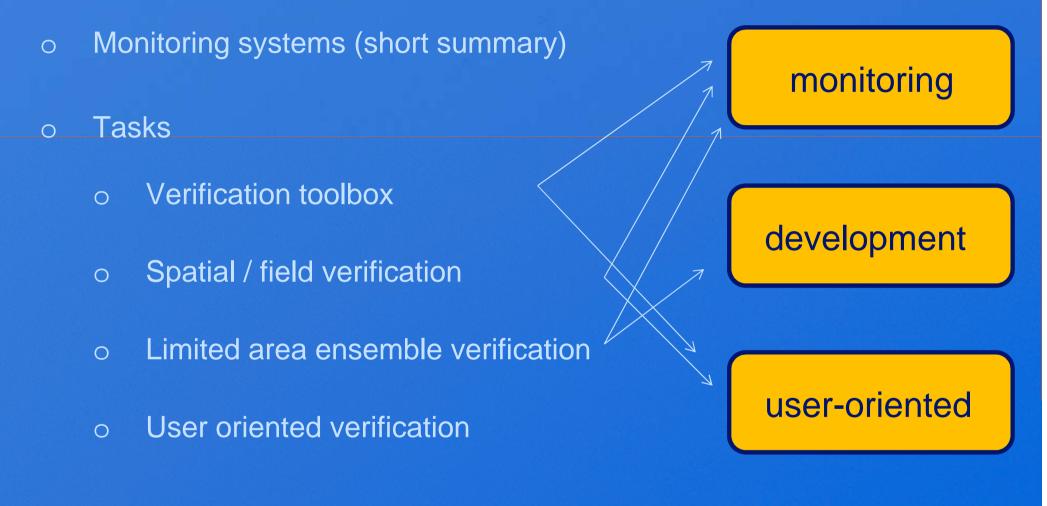
Common HIRLAM / ALADIN plans in verification

EWGLAM / SRNWP meeting 8. - 11.10.2012, Helsinki

Outline

EWGLAM/SRNWP Helsinki - 10.10.12





o Summary



Monitoring Systems

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HIRLAM: • Reference system (RCR) providing a common benchmark Field data is sent to a common database for verification o All EWGLAM stations are used for verification Montoring team is taking care ALADIN: Extracted forecast data for station location sent to common databas Restricted number of stations used for each contry

Monitoring systems are planned to be kept seperated – each consortia will maintain and improve their own montioring tools (e.g. 1 month visit to Ljubljana to work on reporting)





Verification is seen as a good opportunity to do development in a common framework (to be defined)

- Each consortia has its own tools for "daily and long term monitoring"
- With the development towards higher resolution and EPS new challenges for verification are upcoming
- They need to support further model development, communication with controlling and funding authorities and customers
- A (preliminary) task force has been set up:
 - o Discussing the fields of common development
 - Side meeting in Marrakech, Helsinki and Kopenhagen (end October)





Goal:

To get a verification framework that is

- o Modular
- Extendable in any direction (EPS verification, spatial, end-user oriented)
- o Portable to different environments
- o Easy to use intuitive
- Flexible to adopted to individual needs
- If possible adopt same data structure with the monitoring tool and with Hirlam verification tools

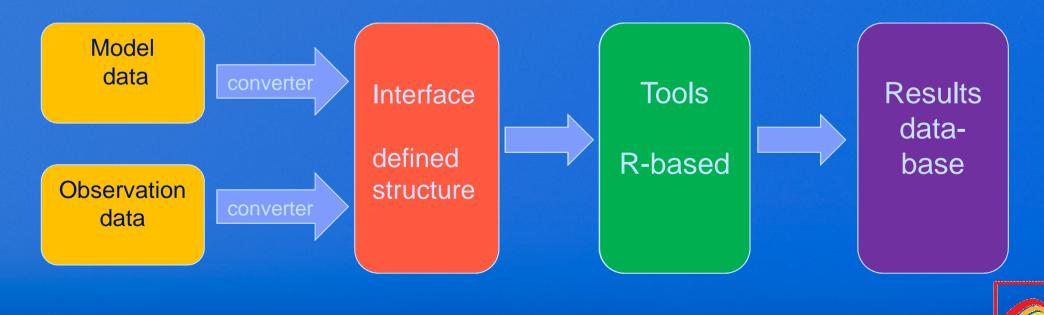


Verification toolbox

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- Common verification tools to be developed on existing packages in R.
- Interface from local archives (model / observation data) to plug data into R-tools (SQLite)
- Tools should be running locally



Growing resolution of forecast shows different phenomena / structures

- Spatial verification methods developed during the latest years
- Operational implementation is not straight forward (for a large number of forecasting systems)

Observations / truth

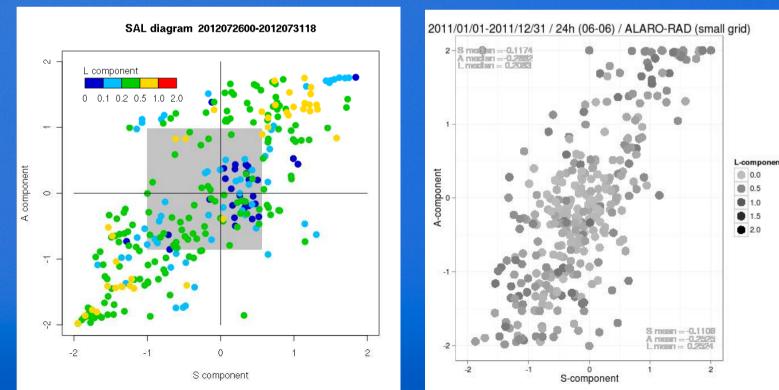
- Need for high resolution observation fields
- Obtained by (new) observation systems radar, satellites



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Work is started in some countries (Austria, Belgium) in an R/SQLite framework

- SAL Method in R (with a faster SAL core in fortran)
- o Testing of other spatial scale methods in Austria
- Based on INCA analysis + plan testing other observational data (satellite and radar)



Members of the consortia are more and more contributing to the field

- Methods for verification are developed, cooperation is established (GLAMEPS)
- SQLite interface and some classical EPS-verification methods were implemented (Simona Tascu, Alex Deckmyn)
- Further tasks need to be defined during verification workshop in Kopenhagen



User oriented methods and scores

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Who are our users, what do they need, how can we present verification results to them?

Problems:

- Institutes have different types of customers in a number of sectors.
- What decisions are taken upon the forecast by the customer
- > "impossible" task?

Need for definition of exemplary end-user

- o Questionnaire was sent to LTMs
- Elaborate exemplary customers and products per sector (e.g. warnings)
- Start thinking about what scores are most representative



Tasks

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Verification Task Force provides:

the framework for common verification tools: common data structure of interface co-ordination of the development of tools data organization inside the verification tools guidelines and documentation, working examples support, version control, stable software packages

Not provided by the Task force itself:

o verification scores / numbers



Thanks

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Thanks!



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