Ensemble activities in COSMO

Chiara Marsigli ARPA Emilia-Romagna, SIMC



Ensemble activities in COSMO

- Development of convection-permitting ensembles
- Initial Condition perturbation: KENDA LETKF
- Physics perturbations:
 - Test SPPT
 - Test SKEB
 - Develop new intrinsically stochastic physics perturbations
- Lower boundary perturbations:
 - Soil moisture
- Verification (VERSUS package)
- Interpretation



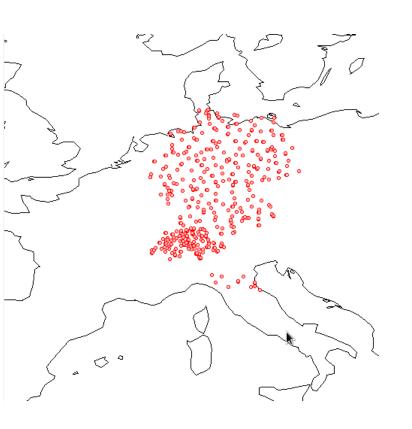
Ensemble activities in COSMO

- Consortium ensemble: COSMO-LEPS
- COSMO-DE-EPS at DWD
- Ensembles under development:
 - COSMO-E (MeteoSwiss) CP
 - COSMO-IT-EPS (Italy) CP
 - COSMO-ME-EPS (Italy) -> Mediterranean domain, sea state forecast
- Sochi Olympics: COSMO-S14-EPS and COSMO-RU2-EPS



COSMO-LEPS: calibrated precipitation

- For each COSMO-LEPS member, calibrated precipitation is operationally generated over Germany, Switzerland and Emilia-Romagna
- The calibration technique is based on CDF-based corrections, making use of COSMO-LEPS reforecast.

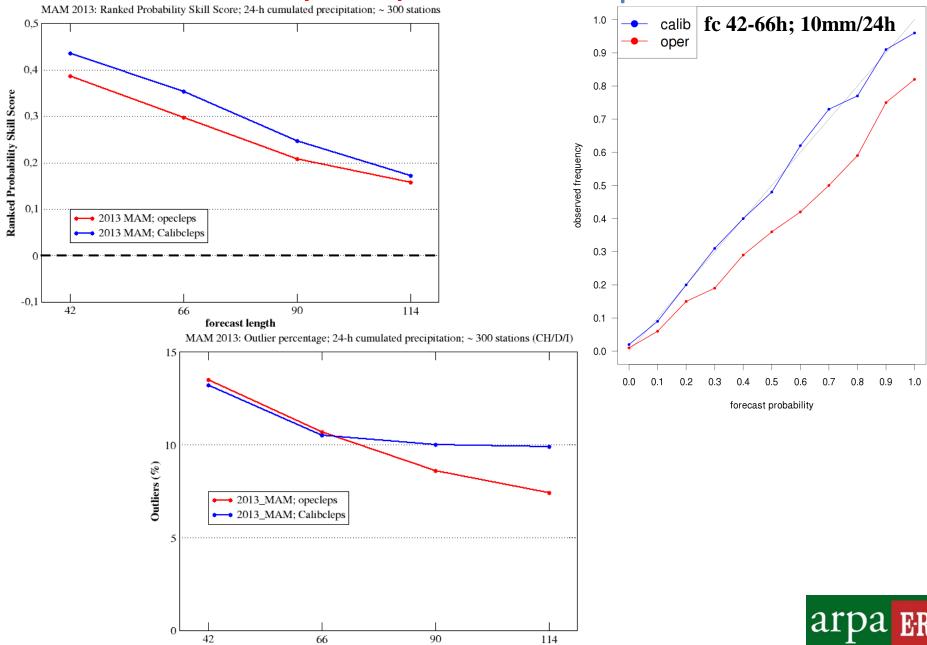


Verification:

- 24h cumulated precip (06-06 UTC)
- DJF 2012-13 and MAM 2013
- Germany, Switzerland, Emilia-Romagna
- nearest grid point; no-weighted fcst
- synop reports (about 300 stations/day)



opecleps vs calibcleps



forecast length (h)

COSMO-DE-EPS

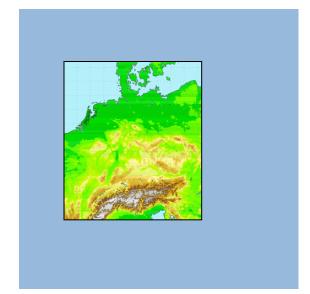


operational set-up:

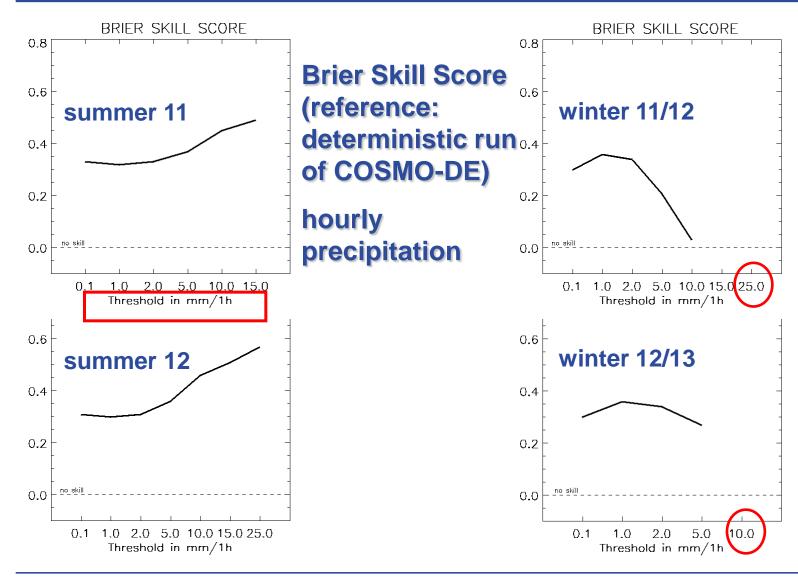
→ 20 members

→ grid size: 2.8 km convection-permitting

→ lead time: 0-27 hours,
8 starts per day (00, 03, 06,... UTC)









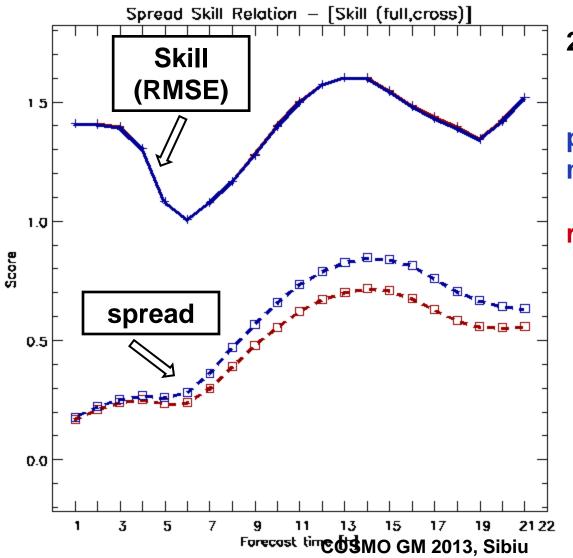
Perturbed soil moisture

± half the difference between C-EU and C-DE soil moisture in all layers but the lowest

m1	m2	m3	m4	m5	m6	 	m18	m19	m20
-	+.5*inc	5*inc	1	+.5*inc	5*inc	 •••	5*inc	+.5*inc	-

test period June/July 2012





2m temperature

perturbed soil moisture

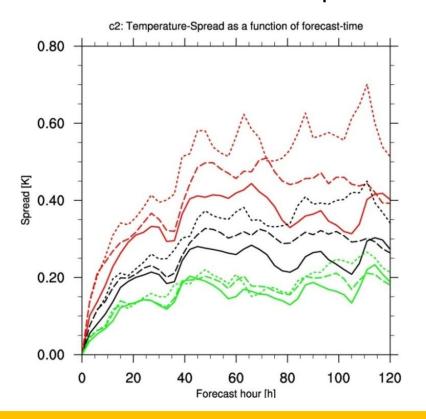
reference

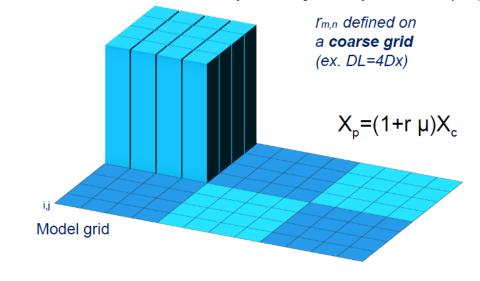
COSMO-E

- Ensemble forecasts with convection-permitting resolution (2.2 km mesh-size)
- 21 members
- Twice a day up to +120h for Alpine area (15% larger than COSMO-2 domain)
- Range of possible scenarios and "best estimate"
- COSMO version 4.26



Case 2012-08-01: T spread





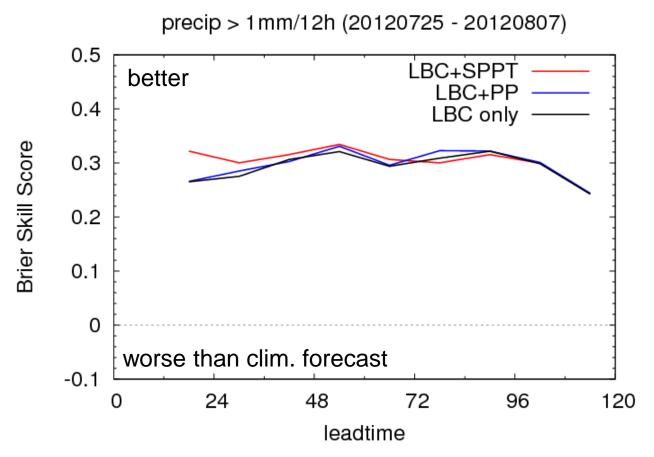
@ 500 (solid lines), 700 (dashed), 850 (dotted) hPa

large stdv_rn=0.5, range_rn=1 (ex3)
stdv_rn=0.25, range_rn=0.75 (ex1)
stdv_rn=0.25, range_rn=0.75,
dlat_rn=dlon_rn=0.5°, ninc_rn=90 (ex4)

- spread largest at 850 hPa, lowest at 500 hPa
- larger random numbers produce larger spread and faster spread growth
- smaller correlation-lengths in space and time lead to smaller spread

O

Brier Skill Score (ref=climatology)

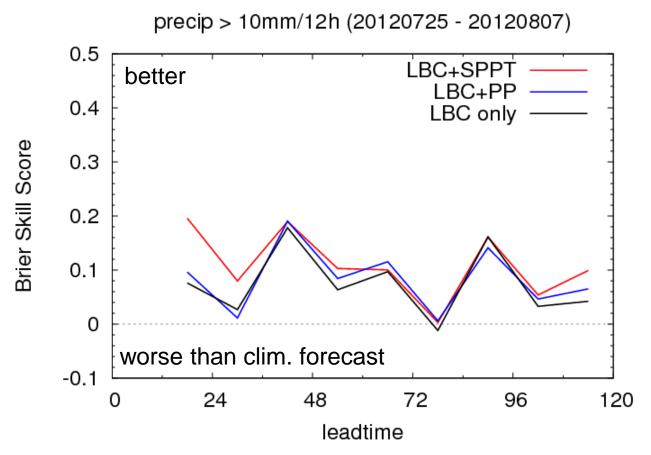


Reference: forecast based on station climatology 2001-2010 (300 stations)

- all experiments clearly better than clim. forecast for all lead-times
- LBC+SPPT best until +72h, but differences very small

O

Brier Skill Score (ref=climatology)



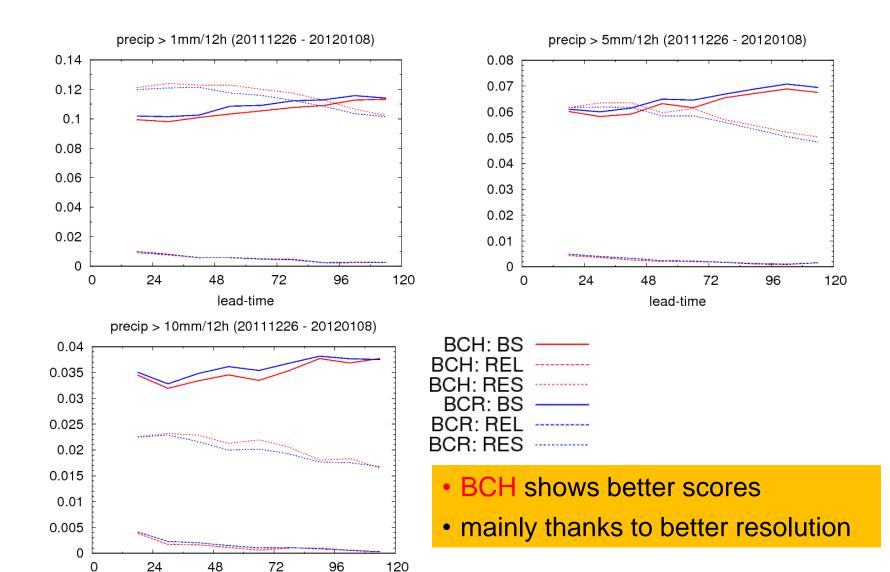
Reference: Forecast based on station climatology 2001-2010 (300 stations)

- daytime precip. only slightly better than clim. forecast
- LBC+SPPT best experiment

BC-EPS experiments

- ECMWF provide 2 BC-EPS data sets for 3 periods:
 - current resolution T_L639 (~32 km) → BCR
 - high resolution T₁ 1279 (~16 km) → BCH
- winter storm period 2011-12-26 2012-01-08 run with COSMO-E (without SPPT)
- first results show slightly better scores with BCH in surface verification (500 stations)

Brier score 12h sum of precipitation



lead-time

COSMO-IT-EPS testing KENDA ICs

DA cycle:

- 3-hourly cycles, 36 hours
- 10 members
- BCs from COSMO-LEPS (also ICs for cold start)
- no model perturbations
- observations: TEMP SYNOP ACARS AMDAR

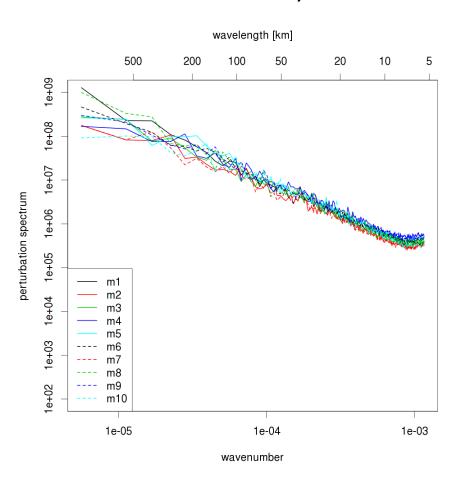
Forecast:

- 10 members
- 36h forecast range
- parameter perturbations
- BCs from COSMO-LEPS

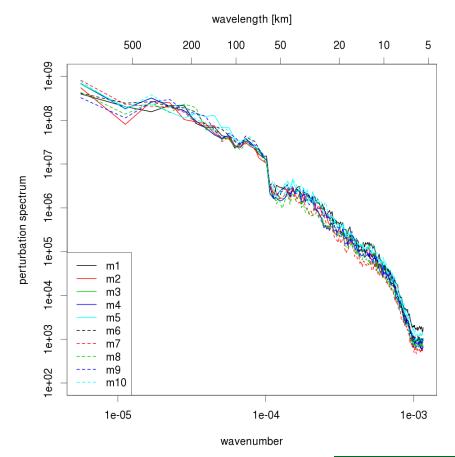


2012102512 - T level 50

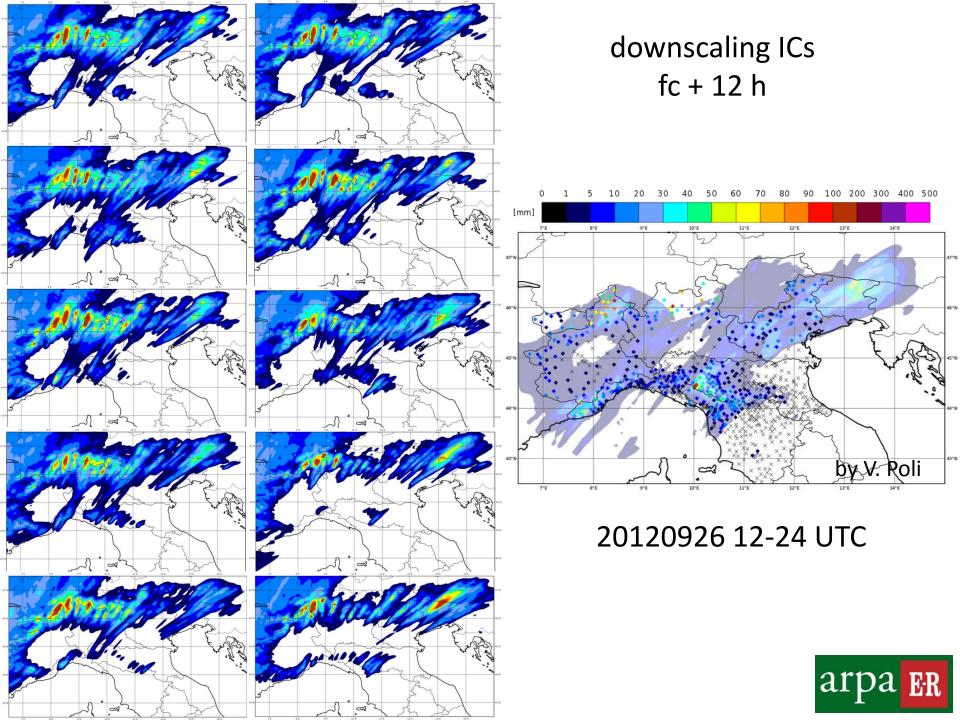
KENDA analyses

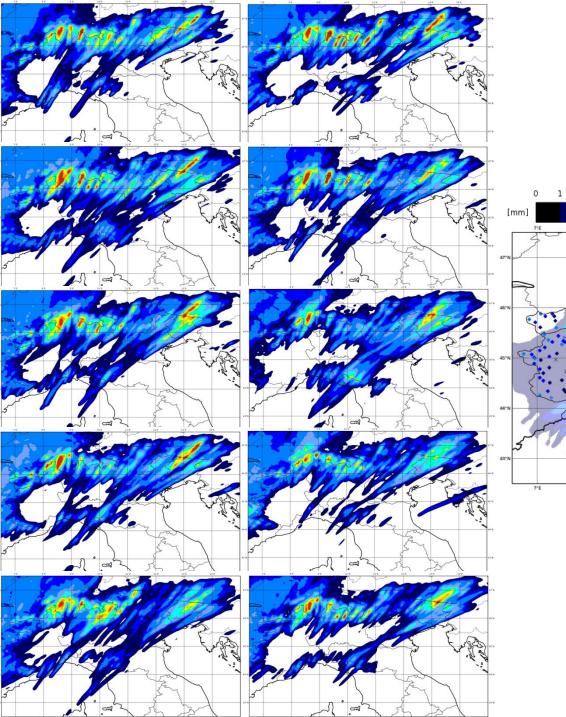


COSMO-LEPS downscaled analyses

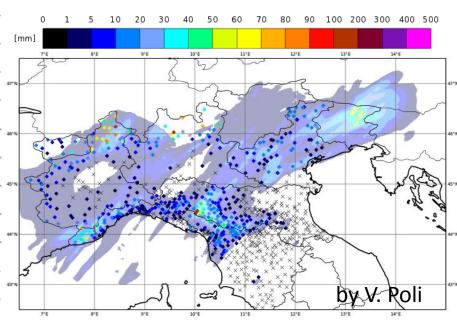








kenda ICs fc + 12 h



20120926 12-24 UTC

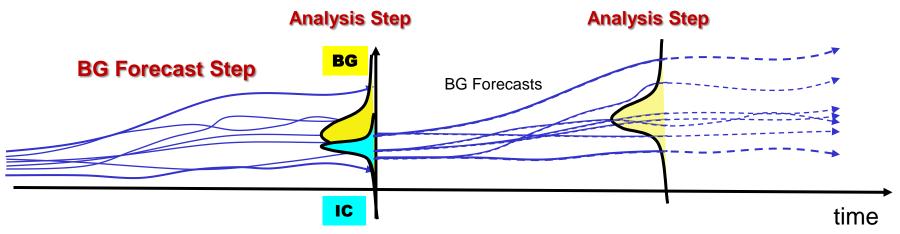


Downscaling ICs – area-averaged hourly precip. 1.0 m1 m2 m3 m4 m5 m6 0.8 m7 m8 m9 m10 0.6 tp [mm/h] 0.4 0.2 0.0 17 16 13 15 12 forecast range [h]

KENDA ICs – area-averaged hourly precip. 1.0 m1 m2 m3 m4 m5 m6 0.8 m7 m8 m9 m10 0.6 tp [mm/h] 0.4 0.2 0.0 17 13 16 18 3 12 15 2 forecast range [h]

Toward a probabilistic forecast system: the COSMO-ME EPS

The implementation of a short range EPS based on COSMO-ME is straightforward "extending" the forecast members integration



A first implementation of COSMO-ME EPS has being tested at CNMCA in the framework of MYWAVE project (→ short range sea state EPS based on COSMO-ME EPS: **NETTUNO EPS**)

The main characteristics of COSMO-ME EPS are:

- Domain and resolution: COSMO model is integrated on the same domain of the CNMCA-LETKF system.
- □ IC and BC: initial conditions are derived from the CNMCA-LETKF system. Lateral boundaries conditions are from IFS deterministic run perturbed using ECMWF-EPS.
- ☐ Model error: stochastics physics perturbation tendencies will be evaluated.
- ☐ Forecast range: the 40+1 COSMO forecast members are running up to 48 hours in order to produce the wind forecast to be given as input to the NETTUNO system at 00 UTC.

PP: Task 3 TL: A. Montani and E.Astakhova Clustering+ **ECMWF EPS COSMO-LEPS** for forecasts **Sochi 2014** All 10 forecasts Preparation of epsgrams COSMOfor Sochi-mini R Visualization Н [™]Probability fields **S14-**Operational dissemination M for the entire **EPS** Forecasters' feedback domain ∆x~7 km[®] 40 ML fc+72h **ARPA-SIMC** ICs&BCs COSMO-**RU2-**R Visualization Н **EPS** Case studies M Λx~2.2 km C Verification 50 ML fc+48h **RHMC Integration domain**

COSMO GM2013. E.Astakhova, D.Alferov, A.Montani etal

F

D

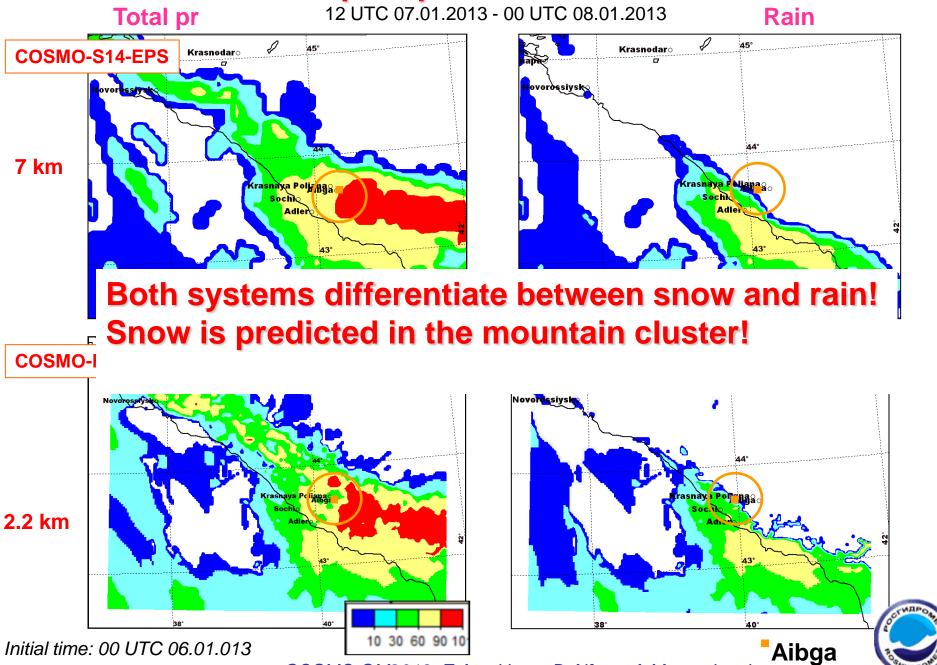
P

R

D

Sochi-mini

Probabilities of total precipitation and rain >10 mm / 12 h



COSMO GM2013. E.Astakhova, D.Alferov, A.Montani etal

Thank you!