

### **GLAMEPS** and HarmonEPS

#### GLAMEPS is a common project for operational EPS in the short-range in the HIRLAM and ALADIN SRNWP consortia

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### GLAMEPS\_v1 for the "synoptic" scales:

54 ensemble members:

- EC DET (1) +
- HirEPS\_S (12+1) +
- HirEPS\_K (12+1) +
- AladEPS (13) +
- EC EPS (14) = 54

Forecast range: 54h

• 06 and 18 UTC (EC 00 and 12 UTC)

~11 km resolution Aladin: 629x529, 11.8 km, L37 Hirlam: 646x492, 0.10° (11,1 km), L40

Runs as Time-Critical Facility at ECMWF



Black frame: Aladin domain Red domain: Hirlam domain and common output domain

# GLAMEPS\_v1 performance







ROC THR 0 +24h

BSS

THR 0

T2m



#### Value THR 0 +24h



![](_page_4_Figure_1.jpeg)

ROC THR 10 +24h

![](_page_4_Figure_3.jpeg)

#### Value THR 5 +24h

![](_page_5_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_5_Figure_1.jpeg)

ROC **THR 10** +24h

![](_page_5_Figure_3.jpeg)

0.75

1.00

#### Value **THR 0.1** +12h

Rel.

+12h

**THR 10** 

# R&D for further improvements for a version 2 (2014)

- Increase the number of Alaro ensemble members (new with Surfex) at expense of the EC EPS members

- GLAMEPS 4 times per day (lagged ensembles, 25 new every six hours and 25 from six hours earlier)

- Increased resolution (~8 km).

- Updated model versions.

![](_page_8_Figure_0.jpeg)

### Including CAPE SV perturbations in GLAMEPSv2

#### AccPcp12h: BSS Threshold 20

![](_page_10_Figure_1.jpeg)

Lead time (h)

#### AccPcp12h: BSS Threshold 20

![](_page_11_Figure_1.jpeg)

![](_page_11_Figure_2.jpeg)

### Calibration of GLAMEPS for 10m wind

Can GLAMEPS wind speed forecasts be improved by Statistical postprocessing?

Method: Logistic regression and Extended Logistic regression

Training month: Nov 2011, verification month: Dec 2011

European stations

+18 h

Predictors: GLAMEPS wind speed, latitude, longitude, altitude of stations

# Reliability Diagram ( $\leq 14 \text{ m/s}$ )

THR= 14 BS= 0.0154 BSS= 0.1645 UNC= 0.0185 REL= 0.0019 RES= 0.0049 BI

THR= 14 BS= 0.0143 BSS= 0.2241 UNC= 0.0185 REL= 0.002 RES= 0.0061 BIA

![](_page_13_Figure_3.jpeg)

Raw GLAMEPS

After postprocessing

# Training on a limited area

![](_page_14_Figure_1.jpeg)

Conclusions:

\* Significant improvements of both reliability and resolution can be obtained by postprocessing.

\* The ensemble mean and s(lon,lat,h) are good predictors.

\* Better results can be obtained for higher thresholds by training on a limited area.

### Using GLAMEPS for Sochi Olympics Calibration of temperature

- Probabilistic forecasts for 30 locations
  - Temperature, winds, precipitation
  - Goal: Frequently updated forecasts

![](_page_15_Picture_4.jpeg)

### **Temperature forecasts**

![](_page_16_Figure_1.jpeg)

# Updated temperature forecasts

![](_page_17_Figure_1.jpeg)

# Verification (temperature)

![](_page_18_Figure_1.jpeg)

# HarmonEPS

First areas for experimentation

![](_page_19_Figure_2.jpeg)

#### HarmonEPS: set-up first experiments

- A convection-permitting EPS, ~2.5 km, sub-European and Sochi-area
- 2.5 km resolution
- +36 h lead time.
- Full DA and 6 h cycling for the control,
- HarmonEPS to be run every 12 h
- Surface assimilation included for every member.
- 20 members, 10 members with AROME and 10 with ALARO . -> continue the multi-model approach

#### HarmonEPS: status of some experiments/ developments

# Harmonie LETKF:

- At the moment in phase of development
- In 2014 migration finished and comparison with other algorithms available in Harmonie (3DVAR, SVs, EPS-ECMWF downscaling,...)

![](_page_22_Figure_3.jpeg)

![](_page_22_Figure_4.jpeg)

### **Model error in HarmonEPS** SPPT (Stochastic Perturbed Parameterisation Tendencies)

- SPPT is currently developed in HARMONIE
  - BOX-SPPT outperforms AROME physics without stochastic parameterizations:
    - More spread
    - Less error
    - More skill !!!

![](_page_23_Figure_6.jpeg)

SPPT could be a good way to take into account parameterization uncertainties

### **Model error in HarmonEPS Multiphysics (AROME and ALARO parameterisations)**

- Multiphysics is better than AROME and ALARO single physics:
  - Quite good increasing spread
  - Not significant error increase
  - More skill !!!

![](_page_24_Figure_5.jpeg)

Multiphysics seems to be valuable approach to deal with parameterization uncertainties in HarmonEPS CA in HarmonEPS A stochastic parameterization for deep convection organization using cellular automata

#### MEAN 24 h acc. precip

Reference

With CA scheme

![](_page_25_Figure_4.jpeg)

### SPREAD 24 h acc. precip

#### Reference

#### With CA scheme

![](_page_26_Figure_3.jpeg)

CA seems to be too active at 2.5 km, needs tuning of time/space scales and CAPE threshold

#### Preliminary results nesting HarmonEPS in IFS ENS at T639 IFS ENS at T1279

![](_page_28_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_29_Figure_0.jpeg)

![](_page_29_Figure_1.jpeg)

AccPcp12h: BSS Threshold 7 2012-06-11 12:00:00 - 2012-06-28 12:00:00

![](_page_29_Figure_3.jpeg)

#### HIRLAM (EPS) contribution to FROST

2011:

•GLAMEPS semi operational (FDP). Technical work in setting up Harmonie to run in ensemble mode (RDP)

#### 2012:

Providing GLAMEPS results routinely (FDP) – Delivery of GLAMEPS to FROST from September 2012.
Run HarmonEPS experiments for the area of Sochi.

•Calibration of EPS forecasts (RDP).

2013:

•Run HarmonEPS for the area of Sochi and provide output •Calibrated forecasts for venues

#### Thank you

#### HarmonEPS: Uncertainty strategies

Initial condition perturbations:

- Perturbations from EC EPS
- Humidity perturbations: humidity in SVs, use of MSG cloud mask
- Later LETKF/EnVAR/4DEnVAR

Lateral boundary perturbations:

- Tested EPS (T639) vs EPS (T1279)
- Difference between deterministic runs / SLAF

Model error

- Multi-model
- SPPT
- physics parameter perturbations
- Introduce "stochastic physics" on process level, rather than multiplying the total physical tendencies
- Use Cellular Automata (CA)

Ground surface uncertainties