

## **METplus Implementation: Categorical Statistics**

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METplus implementation is a part of the Next Generation Modelling System Programme at the Met Office

Rationale - Existing VER verification system has provided operational and trial verification for over 20 years but requires significant re-development to enable verification on the LFRic grid.



Aims – Implementation of the Model Evaluation Tool (MET) to provide trial and operational verification for UM. Ocean and LFRic models



Accuracy - Rigorous testing of MET and comparisons with VER to ensure that verification results are as correct and robust as possible.

#### **Categorical Statistics**

Categorical statistics are computed as part of the operational forecast verification at the Met Office. To reproduce the operational output from VER:

- MET's Point-Stat tool was used. Point-Stat provides • verification statistics for forecasts at observation points.
- Visibilities from the Unified Model (UM) were verified using VER and MET between 00UTC 01/09/2022 to 18UTC 06/09/2022 at 6 hourly intervals from T+6 to T+36.
- Forecast visibilities were interpolated using the nearest neighbour interpolation method.
- Only stations from the World Meteorological Organisations block 03 station list were considered.
- Contingency tables were generated for visibilities >200m, >1000m, >4000m & >5000m. Equitable threat scores and frequency biases were then computed and compared along with contingency table counts.





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### MET/METplus

MET is a verification package developed by the National Center of Atmospheric Research (NCAR) Developmental Testbed Center (DTC). METplus provides a suite of python wrappers.

- More modular code to allow easier development
- Open source code for easier sharing between organisations
- Wider range of verification tools
- Contract with NCAR for initial developments leading to longer term collaboration



No Influence from Opposing Orders of Processing?

Other operational capabilities tested as part of the METplus

implementation have seen the impact of opposing orders of

This hasn't been seen to affect the categorical statistics from

Point-Stat as no observation point is equidistant from two

processing between VER and MET.

points on the UM grid in this station list.

Point observations

#### **Initial Results**

5ep 03 202 Sep 04 2022 5ep 05 2022

application for producing verification plots.

**VerPy Updates** 

statistics.

Comparing the VER and MET output, categorical statistics appear to be consistent between the two systems. For visibility, this result was consistent across the 4 thresholds applied. This suggests MET output is directly comparable to VER output and the operational time series of verification scores can continue. More testing is required to ensure this result is not unique to the Block 03 station list.



Sep 03 2027

5ep 05 202

# Surface (1.5m) Visibility, >1000m, WMO Block 03 station list, Meaned between 20220901 00:00 and 20220905 18:00. Surface Obs www.VER - Equitable Threat Score ----- VER - Frequency Bias, ca MET - Equitable Threat Score MET - Frequency Bias, category 1



#### Next Steps...

- Investigate results over a wider range of station lists and areas.
- Testing of results from the UKV model.
- Explore the impact of different interpolation methods on scores.

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VerPy is a Met Office Python library used for handling verification data. It can

be used as either a library for loading data into a Python session or as an

The testing and comparison of categorical statistics has highlighted an

additional area for development to ensure continuity in the visualisation of