

# Overview of Météo-France NWP systems

## 2 HPC, 2 implementations

In operations since February 2021  
No upgrade during the 4 year contract



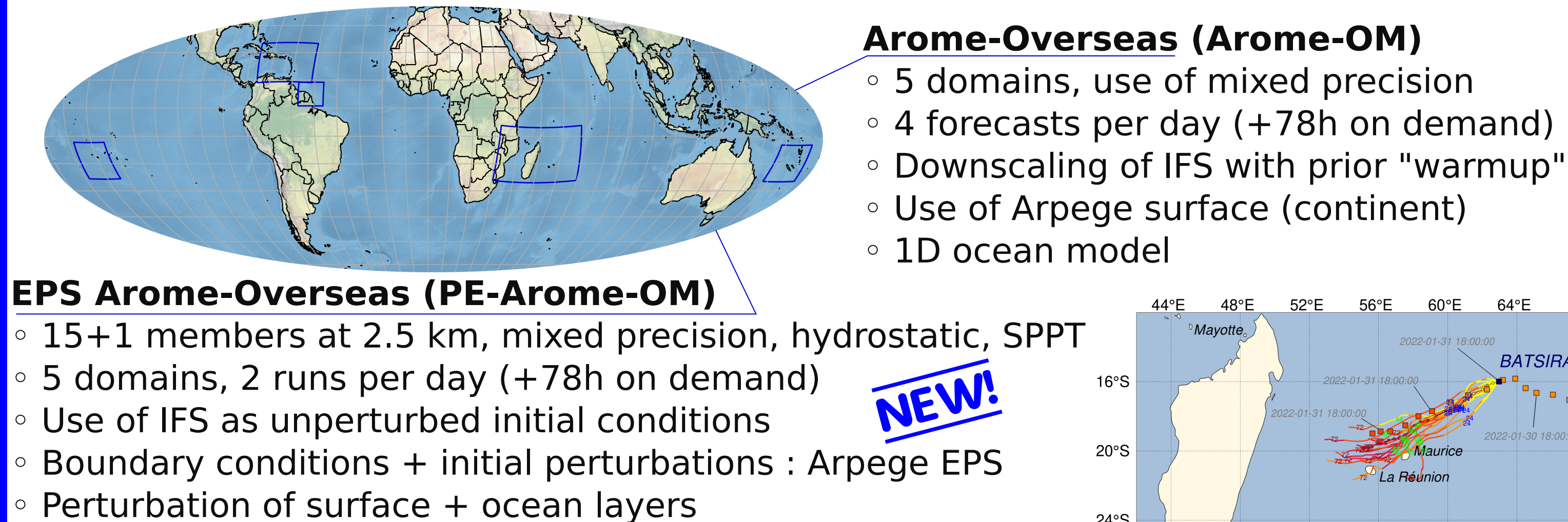
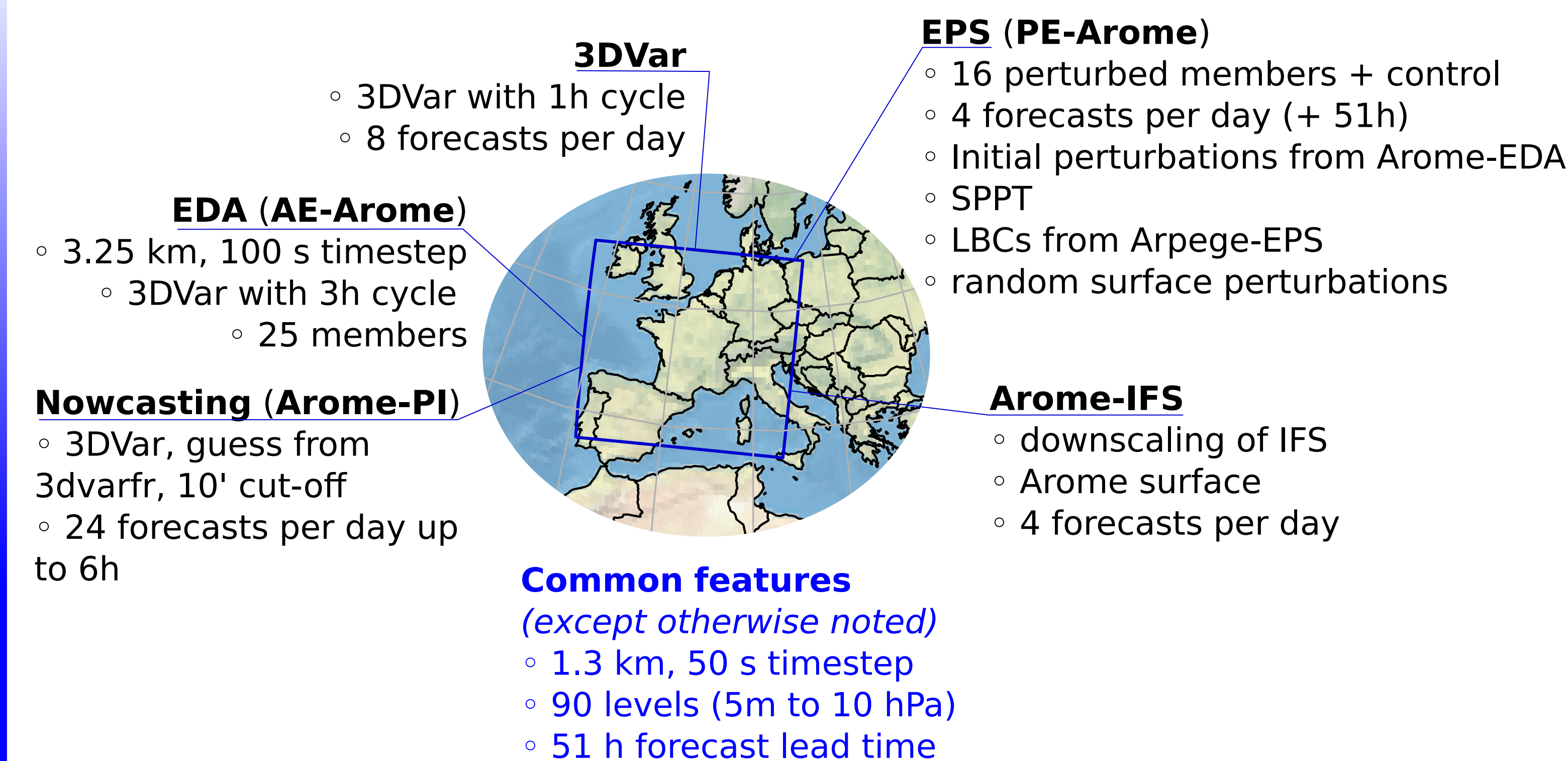
Each HPC: ATOS BULL Sequana XH2000  
2292 computing nodes

10.39 PFlops peak performance  
2 AMD Epyc Rome processors with 64 cores at 2.25 Ghz

=> Five fold increase in performance than the previous HPC

## Regional operational NWP systems based on AROME

operational suite: cy46t1\_op1



References

- Brousseau et al 2016, Improvement of the forecast of convective activity from the AROME-France system. Q.J.R. Meteorol. Soc., 142: 2231-2243
- L. Reynaud et F. Bouttier, 2016: Comparison of initial perturbation methods for ensemble prediction at convective scale. Q. J. R. Meteorol. Soc.
- Bouttier et al. 2016 Sensitivity of the AROME ensemble to initial and surface perturbations during HyMeX. Q. J. R. Meteorol. Soc.
- Merlet et al. 2017: Arome for nowcasting, Aladin-Hirham Newsletter n°9
- Faure et al, 2020: Operational Implementation of the AROME Model in the Tropics, Weather and Forecasting, 35(2), 691-710

## Global operational NWP systems based on ARPEGE

operational suite: cy46t1\_op1

### 4DVar

- 4DVar with 6h cycle : TI224 c1 & TI499 c1
- Use of EDA background covariances (12h average)
- 4 forecasts per day
- New: Tiedtke deep convection scheme, 1d sea-ice model, SRTM, All-sky assimilation of microwave data from MHS and ATMS

### Common features (except otherwise noted)

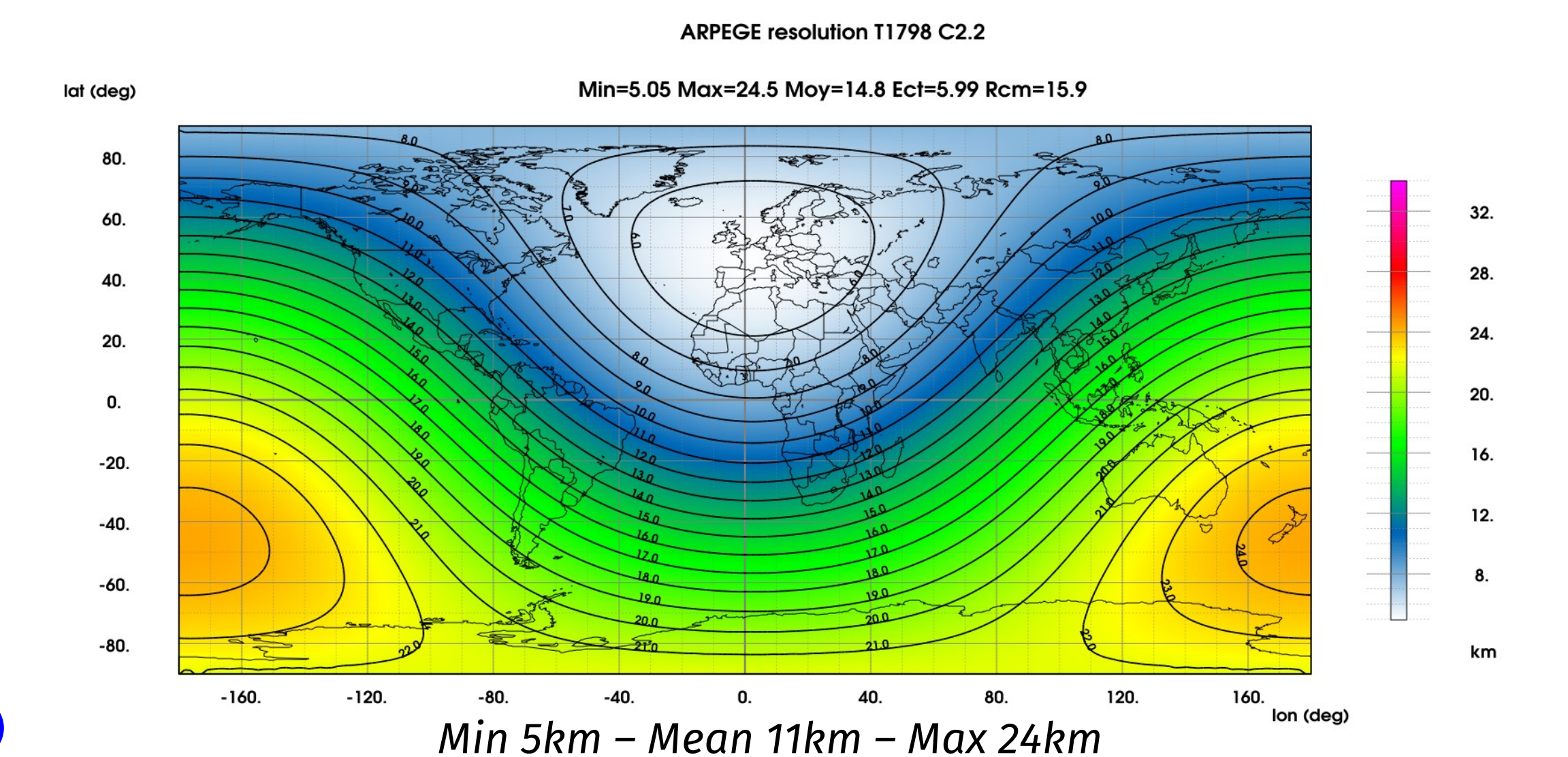
- TI1798 c2.2 (5 to 24 km)
- 240 s timestep
- 105 levels (10 m to 0.1 hPa)
- 102 h forecast lead time

### EPS (PEARP)

- 34 perturbed members + control
- 4 forecasts per day
- Initial perturbations from Arpege-EDA + SV
- random perturbed parameters + 2 deep convection schemes

### EDA (AEARP)

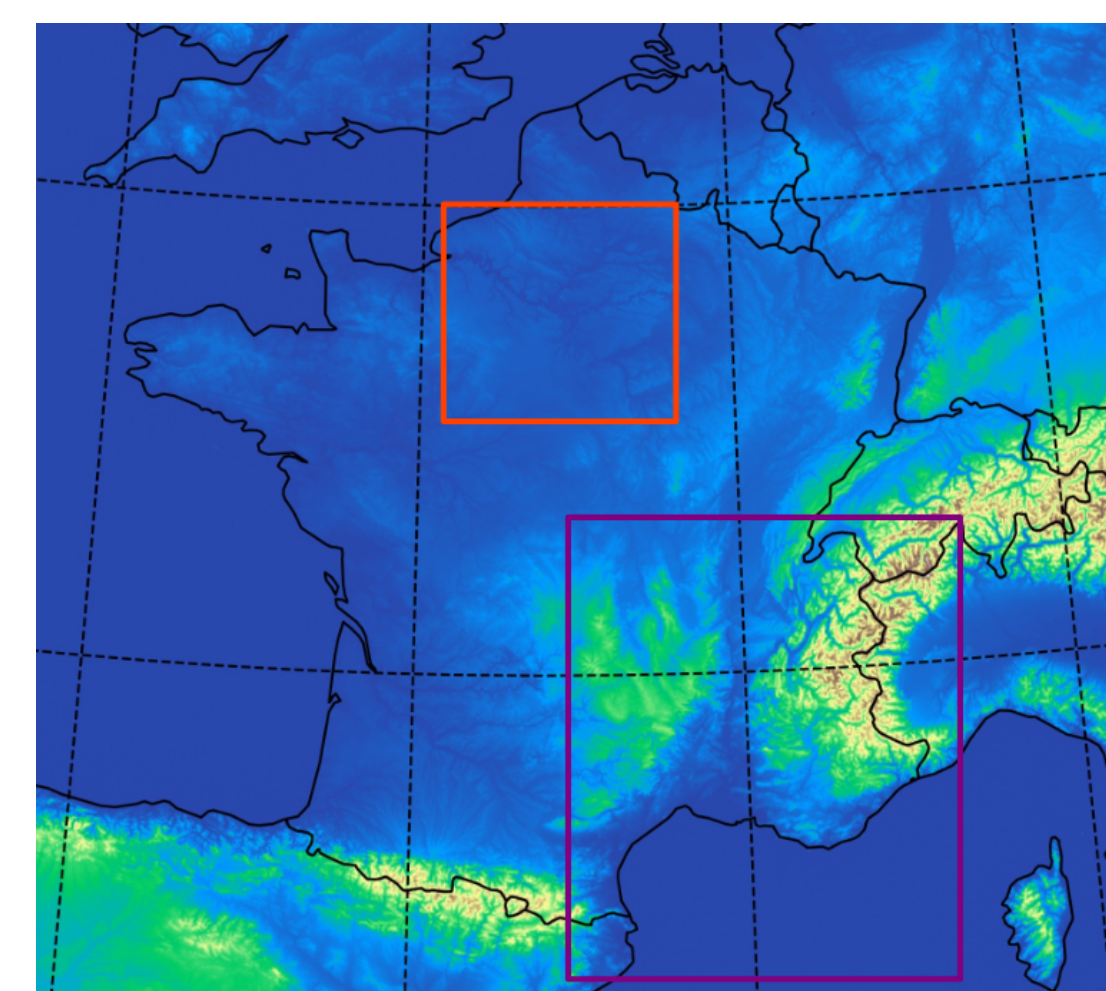
- TI499 c1
- 4DVar with 6h cycle (TI224 c1)
- 50 members



References

- Descamps et al 2015, PEARP, the Météo-France short-range ensemble prediction system. Q.J.R. Meteorol. Soc, 141: 1671-1685
- Bouysse et al, 2022, The 2020 Global Operational NWP Data Assimilation System at Météo-France, Data Assimilation for Atmospheric, Oceanic and Hydrologic Applications (Vol. IV)

## Further perspectives (2024)



- 2 domains for Arome applications @500 m in near real time (2023) then in operations (2024)

### Next e-suite: cy48t1\_op1:

- OOPS in 3DVar and 4DVar analyses
- Assimilation: 3DEnVAR Arome, hybrid B matrix in Arpege 4Dvar
- Arome EDA: 50 members (instead of 25 currently)
- Physics: EcRad (Arome), use of SST from Mercator-Océan global model and enhancement of Tiedtke deep convection scheme (both for Arpege), change of aerosol and ozone climatologies (from CAMS, Arome)
- Dynamics : use of WENO interpolations for T and Q in stratosphere (Arpege)
- Observations: "all sky" assimilation of microwave obs, Arpege: GOES-17, CrIS mode «FSR», GNSS-RO (GRACE-C, Sentinel-6, Spire), scatterometers HY-2B & HY-2C(Arome), AMV HIMAWARI/AHI, Mode-S from EMADDC (Arome), WIGOS adaptations
- PEARP: revision of singular vectors and of the range of perturbed parameters
- Arome forecasts will be run using single precision

Calendar: switch to operations by S1 2024

EWGLAM 2023  
September 2023, Reykjavík

ACC RD

A Consortium for CONvection-scale modelling  
Research and Development

